

GUI

- Import modules

```
from tkinter import *
```

- The module `tkinter` has submodules
- List the modules contained in `tkinter`.
 - From `help() > modules` in command-line python

Package tkinter

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - c:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\python
```

```
Help on package tkinter:
```

```
NAME
```

```
tkinter - Wrapper functions for Tcl/Tk.
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

Properties of the widgets are specified with keyword arguments. Keyword arguments have the same name as the corresponding resource under Tk.

Widgets are positioned with one of the geometry managers Place, Pack or Grid. These managers can be called with methods place, pack, grid available in every Widget.

Actions are bound to events by resources (e.g. keyword argument

```
-- More --
```

Classes in tkinter

CLASSES

builtins.object

CallWrapper

Event

Grid

Image

 BitmapImage

 PhotoImage

Misc

 BaseWidget

 Toplevel(BaseWidget, Wm)

 Widget(BaseWidget, Pack, Place, Grid)

 Button

 Canvas(Widget, XView, YView)

 Checkbutton

 Entry(Widget, XView)

 Frame

 Label

 LabelFrame

 Listbox(Widget, XView, YView)

 Menu

 Menubutton

 OptionMenu

 Message

 PanedWindow

 Radiobutton

 Scale

 Scrollbar

 Spinbox(Widget, XView)

 Text(Widget, XView, YView)

 Tk(Misc, Wm)

 Pack

 Place

 Variable

 BooleanVar

 DoubleVar

 IntVar

 StringVar

 Wm

 XView

 YView

builtins.str(builtins.object)

 EventType(builtins.str, enum.Enum)

enum.Enum(builtins.object)

 EventType(builtins.str, enum.Enum)

Try to show one simple GUI

```
import tkinter
from tkinter.constants import *
tk = tkinter.Tk()
frame = tkinter.Frame(tk, relief=RIDGE, borderwidth=2)
frame.pack(fill=BOTH, expand=1)
label = tkinter.Label(frame, text="Hello, World")
label.pack(fill=X, expand=1)
button = tkinter.Button(frame, text="Exit", command=tk.destroy)
button.pack(side=BOTTOM)
tk.mainloop()
```

- Make sure first it works on your computer
 - Save it in a file
 - Run it on your command-line
- Read the Button library and add a couple of functions to the code
 - Ex) .bell() and one more?

Or, you may simply run it
on IDE pyzo

Let's try to learn GUI

GUI

- import a module
- Look up the API of “Python tkinter” from google
 - What is Tk()?
 - **Toplevel widget** of Tk which represents mostly the main windows of an application.
 - It has an **Tcl interpreter**.
- Any functions associated with a Tk() object?
 - .bell()
 - .mainloop()
 - .destroy()
 - Functions inherited from Wm:
 - .title()
 - .geometry()
- What is the function, `.mainloop()` ?
 - Executing the main event handler

GUI

- On a Tk() object,
- What is Canvas()?
 - Any functions?
 - .create_rectangle()
 - .create_polygon()
 - .create_text()
 - .pack()
- What about Frame()?
 - An functions?
 - .pack()

First GUI Exercise

- Canvas
 - Graphics on Canvas
- Frames, later
 - Menus on Frames
- Canvas and Frames can work together!

Canvas Widgets

Note:

```
can = Canvas (Tk(), x, y)
```

```
can.create_line(0, 100, 200, 0, fill="red", dash=(4, 4))
```

```
tmp = can.create_rectangle(50, 25, 150, 75, fill="blue")
```

```
can.delete(tmp) # remove
```

```
can.delete(ALL) # remove all items
```

```
can.create_rectangle(50, 20, 150, 80, fill="#476042")
```

```
can.create_rectangle(65, 35, 135, 65, fill="yellow")
```

```
can.create_oval(50,50,100,100)
```

```
points = [100, 140, 110, 110, 140, 100, 110, 90, 100, 60, 90,  
90, 60, 100, 90, 110]
```

```
can.create_polygon(points, outline=python_green,  
fill='yellow', width=3)
```

Canvas Widgets

Note:

can = Canvas (Tk(), x, y)

```
coord = 10, 50, 240, 210  
arc = can.create_arc(coord, start=0, extent=150, fill="blue")
```

```
img = PhotoImage(file="rocks.ppm")  
can.create_image(20,20, anchor=NW, image=img)
```

Try how this code works

```
from tkinter import *

root = Tk() # constructor: an object of Tk is constructed and labeled by "root"
_____ # Add a title here
can = Canvas(root)
# constructor of Canvas: construct an object of Canvas
_____ # Set width=700 and height=500 on background with hex code #aa88ff
can.create_rectangle(10,10, 100,100, fill="#ff7711")
# x,y coordinators of the upper left cornder and lower right
_____ # Create another rectangle with(100,100, 500,250)
can.create_oval(70,70, 130,130)
_____ # Create another circle with (320,220, 380,280)
can.pack()
root.mainloop()
```

- Run first without the lines _____
- Then, code to add the requests in the lines _____
- Hint:
 - Look up the library or aka API

Drawer

```
from tkinter import *

canvas_width = 500
canvas_height = 150

def paint( event ):
    python_green = "#476042"
    x1, y1 = ( event.x - 1 ), ( event.y - 1 )
    x2, y2 = ( event.x + 1 ), ( event.y + 1 )
    w.create_oval( x1, y1, x2, y2, fill = python_green )

master = Tk()
master.title( "Painting using Ovals" )
w = Canvas(master,
            width=canvas_width,
            height=canvas_height)
w.pack(expand = YES, fill = BOTH)
w.bind( "<B1-Motion>", paint )

message = Label( master, text = "Press and Drag the mouse to draw" )
message.pack( side = BOTTOM )

mainloop()
```

Homework 3

- Choose a pet, e.g., dog, elephant, bird, etc, in your mind
- Simplify it to draw using
 - Any available functions
 - On a canvas
- Evaluation
 - Based on voting
 - Each student votes for
 - 3 products in the top tier
 - 3 products in the second tier
 - Those who receive top tier vote can earn 5 points, and those who receive second tier vote earn 3 points.
 - Student who votes for a person who is finally selected as the final top tier will also earn 3 points, and student who votes for a person who is finally selected as the second top tier will earn 1 point.